AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION

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WARNING REGARDING SERVICING OF SUPPLEMENTAL RESTRAINT SYSTEM (SRS) EQUIPPED VEHICLES WARNING!

(1) Improper service or maintenance of any component of the SRS, or any SRS-related component, can lead to personal injury or death to service personnel (from inadvertent firing of the air bag) or to driver and passenger (from rendering the SRS inoperative).

(2) Service or maintenance of any SRS component or SRS-related component must be performed only at an authorized MITSUBISHI dealer.

(3) MITSUBISHI dealer personnel must thoroughly review this manual, and especially its GROUP 52B – Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) before beginning any service or maintenance of any component of the SRS or any SRS-related component.

NOTE

The SRS includes the following components: SRS-ECU, SRS warning lamp, air bag module, clock spring, and interconnecting wiring. Other SRS-related components (that may have to be removed/installed in connection with SRS service or maintenance) are indicated in the table of contents by an asterisk (*).

SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS

Items			Standard value
Clearance between inner cable stopper and dust cover e	nd surface mm		0.8 – 1.5
Input shaft speed sensor resistance (at 20°C) Ω			620 ± 60
Output shaft speed sensor resistance (at 20°C) Ω			430 ± 43
A/T fluid temperature sensor resistance Ω	at 25°C		1,100
	at 120°C		57
Coil resistance of solenoid valve No.1 (at 25°C) Ω			13 ± 2
Coil resistance of solenoid valve No.2 (at 25°C) Ω			13 ± 2
Coil resistance of solenoid valve No.3 (at 25°C) Ω			13 ± 2
Stall speed r/min			2,320 - 2,620
Line pressure kPa	Line pressure kPa at idle speed D range		
R range			520 – 579
at stall speed D range			765 - 863
R range			1,383 – 1,628

LUBRICANTS

Items	Specified lubricant	Quantity <i>l</i>
Transmission fluid	DEXRON II or equivalent	7.2
Transfer oil	Hypoid gear oil SAE 75W-90 or 75W-85W conforming to API GL-4	2.3

SEALANTS AND ADHESIVES

Items	Specified sealant	Remarks
Transfer control lever gasket	3M ATD Part No.8660 or equivalent	Semi-drying sealant
Transfer control lever assembly installation bolt	3M Stud Locking No.4170 or equivalent	Anaerobic sealant

SPECIAL TOOLS

ТооІ	Number	Name	Use
B991502	MB991502	MUT-II sub assembly	Checking of the diagnosis code
	MD998330 (including MD998331)	Oil pressure gauge (2,942 kPa)	Measurement of oil pressure
CUL THUN	MD998920	Adapter	Connection of oil pressure gauge

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TROUBLESHOOTING <A/T>

STANDARD FLOW OF DIAGNOSIS TROUBLESHOOTING





DIAGNOSIS FUNCTION

N RANGE LAMP

The N range lamp flashes at a frequency of approximately 1 Hz if there is an abnormality in any of the items in the table below which are related to the A/T system. Check the diagnosis code output if the N range lamp is flashing at a frequency of approximately 1 Hz.

N range lamp flashing items

Input shaft speed sensor	
Output shaft speed sensor	
Each solenoid valve	1

Caution

If the N range lamp is flashing at a frequency of approximately 2 Hz (faster than at 1 Hz), it means that the A/T fluid temperature is too high. Stop the vehicle in a safe place and wait until the N range lamp switches off.

METHOD OF READING THE DIAGNOSIS CODE

Use the MUT-II or the N range lamp to take a reading of the diagnosis codes. (Refer to GROUP 00 - How to Use Troubleshooting/Inspection Service Points.)

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ROAD TEST

No.	State prior to test and operation	Test and operation	Judgement value	Check item	Inspection item if there is an abnormality
1	Ignition switch: ON Engine: Stopped	Ignition switch (1) ON (2) OFF	Data list No. 14 (1) Approx. 5V (2) 0V	APS (Power supply voltage)	Code No.13, 14 APS system (P.23-10)
		Overdrive switch (1) ON (2) OFF	Data list No. 35 (1) OD (2) OD-OFF	Overdrive switch	Overdrive switch system (P.23-25)
		Selector lever position (1) P (2) R (3) N (4) D (5) 2 (6) L	Data list No. 37 (1) P, R, D (2) P, R, D (3) N (4) P, R, D (5) 2 (6) L	Inhibitor switch	Inhibitor switch system (P.23-25)
		Brake pedal (1) Depressed (2) Released	Data list No. 28 (1) ON (2) OFF	Stop lamp switch	Stop lamp switch system (P.23-26)
2	Ignition switch: ST	Starting test with selector lever P or	Starting should be possible	Starting possible or	Does not move (P.23-17)
	Engine: Stopped	IN POSITION		Impossible	Lockup malfunction (P.23-24)
3	Engine: Warmed up	Drive for 15 minutes or more so that the automatic fluid temperature becomes $70 - 90^{\circ}$ C.	Data list No. 15 Gradually rises to 70 – 90°C	A/T fluid temperature sensor	A/T fluid temperature sensor system (P.23-10)
4	Engine: Idling Selector lever position: N	Accelerator pedal (1) Released (2) Half depressed (3) Fully depressed	Data list No. 13 (1) 0 - 5 % (2) Gradually rises from (1) (3) 85 - 100 %	APS (Throttle opening angle)	Code No.13, 14 APS system (P.23-10)
		(approx. 2 seconds)	Data list No. 22 (1) OFF (2) ON	Wide open throttle switch	Wide open throttle switch system (P.23-11)
		Selector lever position (1) $N \rightarrow D$	Should be no abnormal shifting shocks	Does not move	Does not move forward and reverse (P.23-17)
	(2) $N \rightarrow R$ Time lag should be within 2 seconds	(2) $N \rightarrow R$		Does not move forward only (P.23-18)	
					Does not reverse only (P.23-18)
				Shocks when shifting	Large shocks (P.23-22)
5	Engine: Idling (Vehicle stopped) Selector lever	Accelerator pedal (1) Released	Data list No. 27 (1) 1st	Solenoid valve No.1	Code No.41, 42 Solenoid valve No.1 system (P.23-13)
	position: D			Solenoid valve No.2	Code No.43, 44 Solenoid valve No.2 system (P.23-13)

No.	State prior to test and operation	Test and operation	Judgement value	Check item	Inspection item if there is an abnormality						
6	Selector lever position: D Overdrive switch:	lector lever sition: D Shift position and vehicle speed (1) Idling	Data list No. 27 Solenoi (1) 1st No.1 (2) 1st	Solenoid valve No.1	Code No.41, 42 Solenoid valve No.1 system (P.23-13)						
	OFF	(Vehicle stopped) (2) Driving at 5 km/h	(3) 3rd (4) 2nd	Solenoid valve No.2	Code No.43, 44 Solenoid valve No.2 system (P.23-13)						
		(3) Driving at constant speed of	Data list No. 31 (3) 1,800 - 2,000 rpm	Input shaft speed sensor	Input shaft speed sensor system (P.23-11)						
		50 km/h (20 seconds or more) (4) Driving at	Data list No. 32 (3) 1,800 - 2,000 rpm	Output shaft speed sensor	Output shaft speed sensor system (P.23-11)						
		constant speed of 40 km/h with the selector	Data list No. 41 (2) ON (3) OFF (4) ON	Solenoid valve No.1	Code No.41, 42 Solenoid valve No.1 system (P.23-13)						
		position	position	position	position	position	position	Data list (2) OF (3) ON (4) ON	Data list No. 43 (2) OFF (3) ON (4) ON	Solenoid valve No.2	Code No.43, 44 Solenoid valve No.2 system (P.23-13)
				Data list No. 47 (1) OFF (2) OFF (3) ON (4) Accelerates smoothly and	Solenoid valve No.3 Malfunction when shifting	Code No.47, 48 Solenoid valve No.3 system (P.23-13) Shifting point abnormality (P.23-20)					
			no abnormal shocks should occur.		Slippage (vibration) (P.23-23)						
7	Selector lever position: D Overdrive switch:	Shift position and vehicle speed (1) Driving at	Data list No. 27 (1) 4th	Solenoid valve No.1	Code No.41, 42 Solenoid valve No.1 system (P.23-13)						
	ON constant speed of 50 km/h		Solenoid valve No.2	Code No.43, 44 Solenoid valve No.2 system (P.23-13)							
		or more)	Data list No. 41 (1) OFF	Solenoid valve No.1	Code No.41, 42 Solenoid valve No.1 system (P.23-13)						
			Data list No. 43 (1) OFF	Solenoid valve No.2	Code No.43, 44 Solenoid valve No.2 system (P.23-13)						

AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION – Troubleshooting <A/T>

No.	State prior to test and operation	Test and operation	Judgement value	Check item	Inspection item if there is an abnormality	
8	Selector lever position: D Overdrive switch:	Monitor data list No. 13, 27, and 32 with the MUT-II.	For (1), (2) and (3), the reading should be the same as the	Malfunction when shifting	Upshifting does not occur (P.23-19)	
	ON	(1) Accelerate to 4th gear at APS opening angle	specified output shaft speed (vehicle speed)		Downshifting does not occur (P.23-20)	
		of 30 %. (2) Gently decelerate to a	and no abnormal shocks should occur.		Shifting point abnormality (P.23-20)	
		 (3) Accelerate to 4th gear at APS opening angle of 50 % 	For (4), (5) and (6), downshifting should occur immediately		Upshifting occurs spontaneously (P.23-19)	
		 (4) While driving at 50 km/h in 4th gear, set the 	operation is made.		Incorrect drive gear position (P.23-21)	
		overdrive switch to OFF position.		overdrive Malfunction when driving position. the vehicle	Malfunction when driving the vehicle	Large shocks (P.23-22)
		(5) While driving at 50 km/h in 3rd gear, move the			Slippage (vibration) (P.23-23)	
		to 2 position. (6) While driving at 20 km/h in 2nd			Lockup malfunction (P.23-24)	
		gear, move the selector lever to L position.			Abnormal engine braking (P.23-24)	

SHIFT PATTERN

D range (Overdrive switch: ON)



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INSPECTION CHART FOR DIAGNOSIS CODE

Code	Diagnosis item		Reference page
13	Accelerator pedal position sensor system (Throttle opening voltage)	Sensor malfunction, open circuit, short circuit	23-10
14	Accelerator pedal position sensor system (Throttle power supply voltage)	Open circuit, short circuit	23-10
15	A/T fluid temperature sensor system	Open circuit	23-10
16	A/T fluid temperature sensor system	Short circuit	23-10
22	Wide open throttle switch	Open circuit, short circuit	23-11
31	Input shaft speed sensor system	Open circuit	23-11
32	Output shaft speed sensor system	Open circuit	23-11
38	Vehicle speed sensor system	Open circuit	23-12
41	Solenoid valve No.1 system	Open circuit	23-13
42	Solenoid valve No.1 system	Short circuit	23-13
43	Solenoid valve No.2 system	Open circuit	23-13
44	Solenoid valve No.2 system	Short circuit	23-13
47	Solenoid valve No.3 system	Open circuit	23-13
48	Solenoid valve No.3 system	Short circuit	23-13
55	Abnormal communication with engine-ECU	Open circuit	23-14

INSPECTION PROCEDURES FOR DIAGNOSIS CODES

Code No. 13, 14 Accelerator pedal position sensor (APS)	Probable cause
If the APS output voltage (APS opening voltage) is 4.8 V or higher when the engine is idling, the output voltage is judged to be too high and diagnosis code No. 13 is output. If the APS output voltage (APS opening voltage) is 0.335 V or lower when the engine is idling, the output voltage is judged to be too low and diagnosis code No. 13 is output. If the APS output voltage (APS power supply voltage) is 3.0 V or lower or if it is 5.7 V or higher when the engine is idling, the APS is judged to be faulty and diagnosis code No. 14 is output.	 Malfunction of the accelerator pedal position sensor Malfunction of harness or connector Malfunction of the A/T-ECU



Code No. 15, 16 A/T fluid temperature sensor system	Probable cause
If the A/T fluid temperature sensor output is 10°C or less (5.6 k Ω or more) even after running the engine for 15 minutes or more, it is judged that there is an open circuit in the A/T fluid temperature sensor and diagnosis code No. 15 is output. If the A/T fluid temperature sensor output is 240°C or more (10 Ω or less), it is judged that there is a short circuit in the A/T fluid temperature sensor and diagnosis code No. 16 is output.	 Malfunction of the A/T fluid temperature sensor Malfunction of harness or connector Malfunction of the A/T-ECU





Code No. 31, 32 Input shaft speed sensor system, output shaft speed sensor system	Probable cause
If no output pulse is detected from the input shaft speed sensor for 120 seconds or more while driving in 3rd gear at a speed of 60 km/h or more, there is judged to be an open circuit in the input shaft speed sensor and diagnosis code No. 31 is output. If no output pulse is detected from the output shaft speed sensor for 120 seconds or more while driving in 3rd gear at a speed of 60 km/h or more, there is judged to be an open circuit in the output shaft speed sensor and diagnosis code No. 32 is output.	 Malfunction of the input shaft speed sensor or output shaft speed sensor Malfunction of harness or connector Malfunction of the sensor rotor Malfunction of A/T-ECU Electrical noise

★: Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.





Code No. 41, 42 Solenoid valve No.1 system			Probable cause
If the resistance value for a solenoid valve No.1 is too large, it is an open circuit in the solenoid valve No.1 and the diagnosis could find the resistance value for a solenoid valve No.1 is too small, it is a short-circuit in the solenoid valve No.1 and the diagnosis could valve No.1 and the d	s judged that de No.41 is o s judged that de No.42 is o	there output. there output.	 Malfunction of solenoid valve No.1 Malfunction of harness or connector Malfunction of the A/T-ECU
	NG		
Solenoid valve No.1 check (Refer to P.23-42.)	►	Replac	e
ОК			
Check the following connectors: B-03, D-04	NG►	Repair	
ОК	_		
Check the harness wire between A/T-ECU and solenoid valve No.1.	NG	Repair	
ОК	NG		
Check the trouble symptoms.	►	Replac	the A/T-ECU.

Code No. 43, 44 Solenoid valve No.2 system	Probable cause
If the resistance value for a solenoid valve No.2 is too large, it is judged that there is an open circuit in the solenoid valve No.2 and the diagnosis code No.43 is output. If the resistance value for a solenoid valve No.2 is too small, it is judged that there is a short-circuit in the solenoid valve No.2 and the diagnosis code No.44 is output.	 Malfunction of solenoid valve No.2 Malfunction of harness or connector Malfunction of the A/T-ECU

Solenoid valve No.2 check (Refer to P.23-42)	NG Repl	200
	- Кері	
V	– NG	
Check the following connectors: B-03, D-04	► Repa	nir
OK		
Check the harness wire between A/T-ECU and solenoid valv No.2.	- NG ► Repa	ir
V OK	NG	
Check the trouble symptoms.	► Repl	ace the A/T-ECU.

Code No. 47, 48 Solenoid valve No.3 system	Probable cause
If the resistance value for a solenoid valve No.3 is too large, it is judged that there is an open circuit in the solenoid valve No.3 and the diagnosis code No.47 is output. If the resistance value for a solenoid valve No.3 is too small, it is judged that there is a short-circuit in the solenoid valve No.3 and the diagnosis code No.48 is output.	 Malfunction of solenoid valve No.3 Malfunction of harness or connector Malfunction of the A/T-ECU

Colonaid value No 2 check (Defer to D02.42)	NG	. Devless
Solehold valve No.3 check (Relet to P.23-42.)]	- Replace
ок	NG	
Check the following connectors: B-03, D-04	110	-> Repair
ок	NG	
Check the harness wire between A/T-ECU and solenoid valve No.3.		→ Repair
♦ OK	NG	
Check the trouble symptoms.]	→ Replace the A/T-ECU.

Code No. 55 Abnormal communication w	ith engine-ECU	Probable cause
If normal communication is not possible for a continuous more when the ignition switch is at the ON position and th V or more, diagnosis code No. 55 is output. Diagnosis code if the data being received is abnormal for a continuous per the same conditions.	period of 1 second or ne battery voltage is 10 le No. 55 is also output riod of 1 second under	 Malfunction of harness or connector Malfunction of the engine-ECU Malfunction of the A/T-ECU
MUT-II Self-Diag code ● Is the diagnosis code No.61 output?	NO Replac	ce the A/T-ECU.
YES Check the following connectors: <l.h. vehicles=""> C-19, C-25, D-34, D-04 <r.h. vehicles=""> C-19, C-26, D-34, D-04</r.h.></l.h.>	NG ► Repair	,
OK Check the trouble symptoms.		
NG V Check the harness wire between engine-ECU and A/T-EC	NG ∪. ├───► Repai	r
ok		
Replace the engine-ECU.		
Check the trouble symptoms.	NG ► Replac	ze the A/T-ECU.

INSPECTION CHART FOR TROUBLE SYMPTOMS

Trouble symptom		Inspection procedure No.	Reference page
Communication with th	e MUT-II is not possible	1	23-16
Does not move	Does not move forward and reverse	2	23-17
	Does not move forward only	3	23-18
	Does not reverse only	4	23-18
Malfunction when	Upshifting does not occur	5	23-19
Shitting	Downshifting does not occur	6	23-20
	Shifting point abnormality	7	23-20
	Upshifting occurs spontaneously	8	23-21
	Incorrect drive gear position	9	23-21
Large shocks		10	23-22
Slippage (vibration)		11	23-23
Lockup malfunction		12	23-24
Abnormal engine braki	ng	13	23-24
Electronic circuit	Inhibitor switch system	14	23-25
393161113	Overdrive switch system	15	23-25
	Stop lamp switch system	16	23-26

INSPECTION PROCEDURE FOR TROUBLE SYMPTOMS

INSPECTION PROCEDURE 1

Communication with the MUT-II is not possible	Probable cause
If communication with the MUT-II is not possible, the cause is probably a malfunction in the self-diagnosis system or the A/T-ECU is not functioning.	 Malfunction of self-diagnosis system Malfunction of A/T-ECU power circuit Malfunction of A/T-ECU earth circuit Malfunction of A/T-ECU Malfunction of harness and connector



Does not move forward and reverse	Probable cause
When the engine is idling, the vehicle does not move forward and reverse even if the selector lever is shifted from N to D, 2, L or R positionj. In such cases, the cause is probably abnormal line pressure, or a malfunction of the transmission control cable, torque converter, oil pump, parking mechanism or the power train.	 Malfunction of transmission control cable Abnormal line pressure Malfunction of power train Malfunction of oil pump Malfunction of valve body Malfunction of parking mechanism Malfunction of torque converter Malfunction of A/T-ECU

\star : Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



Does not move forward only	Probable cause
When the engine is idling, the vehicle does not move forward even if the selector lever is shifted from N to D, 2 or L range. In such cases, the cause is probably a malfunction of the clutch or brake.	 Malfunction of forward clutch Malfunction of direct clutch Malfunction of one-way clutch No. 2 Malfunction of brake No. 1, No. 2, No. 3 Malfunction of A/T-ECU

★: Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



INSPECTION PROCEDURE 4

Does not reverse only	Probable cause
When the engine is idling, the vehicle does not reverse even if the selector lever is shifted from N to R range. In such cases, the cause is probably a malfunction of a clutch, brake or the valve body.	 Malfunction of brake No. 1, No. 3 Malfunction of direct clutch Malfunction of valve body Malfunction of planetary gear Malfunction of A/T-ECU

★: Refer to Transmission Workshop Manual.



Upshifting does not occur	Probable cause
Upshifting does not occur under conditions when upshifting should occur. Check shifting from $1\rightarrow 2$, $2\rightarrow 3$ and $3\rightarrow 4$ respectively.	 Malfunction of solenoid valve No. 1, No. 2 Malfunction of A/T-ECU Malfunction of power train internal parts

★: Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



Downshifting does not occur	Probable cause
Downshifting does not occur under conditions when downshifting should occur. Check shifting from $2\rightarrow 1$, $3\rightarrow 2$ and $4\rightarrow 3$ respectively.	 Malfunction of solenoid No. 1, No. 2 Malfunction of A/T-ECU Malfunction of power train internal parts

★: Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



INSPECTION PROCEDURE 7

Shifting point abnormality	Probable cause
Shifting occurs at points which are different from the shift pattern. Note that the shift pattern will vary in different modes and at high A/T fluid temperatures.	 Malfunction of A/T fluid temperature sensor Malfunction of A/T-ECU



Upshifting occurs spontaneously	Probable cause
Upshifting occurs in ranges where upshifting should not occur, e. g. upshifting to 2nd gear in L range, 3rd gear in 2 range or 4th gear in D range when overdrive is disconnected.	 Malfunction of inhibitor switch Malfunction of overdrive switch Malfunction of A/T-ECU



Incorrect drive gear position	Probable cause
Vehicle starts off in 2nd, 3rd or 4th gear when in D range. Often occurs when starting off is not smooth.	 Malfunction of inhibitor switch Malfunction of direct clutch Malfunction of planetary gear Malfunction of valve body Malfunction of forward clutch Malfunction of solenoid valve No. 1 Malfunction of A/T-ECU

★: Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



Large shocks	Probable cause
Shocks accompany shifting from N \rightarrow D, N \rightarrow R and during each upshift and downshift.	 Malfunction of direct clutch Malfunction of brake No. 3 Malfunction of stop lamp switch Malfunction of inhibitor switch Malfunction of forward clutch Malfunction of valve body Malfunction of A/T-ECU

\star : Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



Slippage (vibration)	Probable cause
Occurs when a clutch or brake does not fully engage due to low hydraulic pressure or a worn facing. Appears as vibration when the problem is slight.	 Malfunction of torque converter Malfunction of direct clutch Malfunction of forward clutch Malfunction of one-way clutch No. 1, No. 2 Malfunction of overdrive brake Malfunction of brake No. 1, No. 2, No. 3 Malfunction of overdrive one-way clutch Malfunction of A/T-ECU

\star : Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



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INSPECTION PROCEDURE 12

Lockup abnormality	Probable cause
When lockup does not operate even though in the lockup range, and also when lockup is operating and the engine is idling but then stalls.	 Malfunction of torque converter Malfunction of valve body Malfunction of A/T-ECU

★: Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



INSPECTION PROCEDURE 13

Abnormal engine braking	Probable cause
Engine braking effectiveness is poor after downshifting has occurred.	 Malfunction of overdrive clutch Malfunction of brake No. 1, No. 3 Malfunction of valve body Malfunction of A/T-ECU

★: Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual.



Inhibitor switch system	Probable cause
If the engine does not start in P or N range, the cause is probably a problem in the inhibitor switch system.	 Malfunction of inhibitor switch Malfunction of harness or connector Malfunction of A/T-ECU



INSPECTION PROCEDURE 15

Overdrive switch system	Probable cause
If downshifting does not occur when overdrive switch is turned off while driving in 4th gear, or if shifting to 4th gear is not possible, the cause is probably a problem in the overdrive switch system.	 Malfunction of overdrive switch Malfunction of harness or connector Malfunction of A/T-ECU Malfunction of ignition switch



Stop lamp switch system	Probable cause
If large shocks occur during squat control, the cause is probably a problem with the stop lamp switch.	 Malfunction of stop lamp switch Malfunction of harness or connector Malfunction of A/T-ECU



SERVICE DATA REFERENCE TABLE

Item No.	Inspection item	Inspection conditions	Normal value	
13	Accelerator pedal position	Engine: Idle Selector lever position: N	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0 – 5 %
	opening voltage)		Accelerator pedal: Depressed	Gradually rises from the above value
			Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed (up to 2 seconds)	85 – 100 %
14	Accelerator pedal position	Ignition switch: ON Engine: Stopped	Ignition switch: ON	Approx. 5 V
	sensor (power supply voltage)		Ignition switch: OFF	0 V
15	A/T fluid temperature sensor	Driving with engine warmed up	Drive for 15 minutes or more until the A/T fluid temperature is $70 - 90^{\circ}$ C.	Gradually increases to 70 – 90°C
22	Wide open	Accelerator pedal position	Released	OFF
	thous switch		Depressed	ON
27	Shift position signal	Accelerator pedal: Fully released Engine: Idle (Vehicle stopped) Selector lever position: N Brake pedal: Depressed	Shifting from N to D	1st→3rd→1st
		Selector lever position: L	Idle (Vehicle stopped)	1st
		Selector lever position: 2	Idle (Vehicle stopped)	1st
			Driving at 40 km/h (20 seconds or more)	2nd
		Selector lever position: D Overdrive switch: OFF	Driving at constant speed of 50 km/h (20 seconds or more)	3rd
		Selector lever position: D Overdrive switch: OFF	Driving at constant speed of 50 km/h (20 seconds or more)	4th
28	Stop lamp switch	Ignition switch: ON	Brake pedal: Depressed	ON
		Engine: Stopped	Brake pedal: Released	OFF
31	Input shaft speed sensor	Selector lever position: D Overdrive switch: OFF	Driving at constant speed of 50 km/h	1,800 – 2,000 r/min
32	Output shaft speed sensor	Selector lever position: D Overdrive switch: OFF	Driving at constant speed of 50 km/h	1,800 – 2,000 r/min
35	Overdrive switch	Ignition switch: ON	Overdrive switch: OFF	OD-OFF
		Engine: Stopped	Overdrive switch: ON	OD

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ltem No.	Inspection item	Inspection conditions		Normal value
37	Inhibitor switch	Ignition switch: ON	Selector lever position: P	P, R, D
		Engine: Stopped	Selector lever position: R	P, R, D
			Selector lever position: N	Ν
			Selector lever position: D	P, R, D
			Selector lever position: 2	2
			Selector lever position: L	L
38	Vehicle speed sensor	Selector lever position: L, D	Idling in 1st gear (Vehicle stopped)	0 r/min
		Overarive switch: OFF	Driving at constant speed of 50 km/h (3rd gear)	450 – 550 r/min
41	Solenoid valve No. 1	Selector lever position: D Overdrive switch: ON	Driving at constant speed of 5 km/h (1st gear)	ON
			Driving at constant speed of 50 km/h (4th gear)	OFF
43	Solenoid valve No. 2	Selector lever position: D Overdrive switch: OFF	Driving at constant speed of 5 km/h (1st gear)	OFF
			Driving at constant speed of 50 km/h (3rd gear)	ON
47	Solenoid valve No. 3	Selector lever position: D Overdrive switch: ON	Driving at constant speed of 5 km/h (1st gear)	OFF
			Driving at constant speed of 50 km/h (4th gear)	ON
53	N range switch	Ignition switch: ON	Selector lever position: N	ON
		Engine: Stopped	Selector lever position: Other than N	OFF
55	2 range switch		Selector lever position: 2	ON
			Selector lever position: Other than 2	OFF
56	L range switch		Selector lever position: L	ON
			Selector lever position: Other than L	OFF
61	Free-wheeling engage switch	Ignition switch: ON Engine: Stopped	Transfer lever position: Other than 4WD	4WD
			Transfer lever position: 4WD	2WD
63	Dual-pressure	Engine: Stopped	A/C switch: ON	ON
	SWITCH	Selector lever position: N	A/C switch: OFF	OFF

REFERENCE FOR FAIL-SAFE/BACKUP FUNCTIONS

When malfunctions of the main sensors or actuators are detected by the diagnosis system, the vehicle is controlled by means of the pre-set control logic to maintain safe conditions for driving.

Malfunctioning item	Control contents during malfunction
Output shaft speed sensor	If there is an open circuit in the output shaft speed sensor, upshifting to 4th gear and lockup control is stopped.
Inhibitor switch	If there is an open circuit in the N, 2 or L signal line, driving is possible in the case of 2 and L (same as D range) so that control can be performed as if the range is D range, and driving is not possible in N range. If more than one of the N, 2 or L signals are input, the order of priority for control is $L\rightarrow 2\rightarrow N$.
Accelerator pedal position sensor	If the output is 0.335 V or less or 4.8 V or more during idling condition, gear shifting control when throttle is fully closed is carried out.
Solenoid valve No. 3	If a problem is detected, lockup is stopped over the whole range and the solenoid is turned off to prevent the engine from stalling during idling.
Solenoid valve No. 1, No. 2	If a problem is detected, each solenoid stops operating and is turned off. The gear shifting logic when a problem is detected is given in the table below

Selector le- ver position	Normal		When the solenoid valve No. 1 has broken		When the solenoid valve No. 2 has broken			When the solenoid valves No. 1 and No. 2 have broken				
	Gear	S1	S2	Gear	S1	S2	Gear	S1	S2	Gear	S1	S2
D	1	0	×	3		×→○	1	0		O/D		
	2	0	0	3		0	O/D	⊖→×		O/D		
	3	×	0	3		0	O/D	×		O/D		
	O/D	×	×	O/D		×	O/D	×		O/D		
2	1	0	×	3		×→○	1	0		3		
	2	0	0	3		0	3	⊖→×		3		
	3	×	0	3		0	3	×		3		
L	1	0	×	1		×	1	0		1		
	2	0	0	2		0	1	0		1		

 \bigcirc : Energized (ON) × : Not energized (OFF)

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A/T-ECU TERMINAL VOLTAGE REFERENCE CHART

1	2		3	4						5	6		7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25		26	27	28	29		30	31	32	33		34	35

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Terminal No.	Inspection item	Inspection conditions	Standard value
1	Solenoid valve No. 1	When in 1st or 2nd gear	System voltage
		When in 3rd or 4th gear	0 V
2	Solenoid valve No. 2	When in 2nd or 3rd gear	System voltage
		When in 1st or 4th gear	0 V
3	Wide open throttle switch	Accelerator pedal: Released	4.5 – 5.5 V
		Accelerator pedal: Depressed	Less than 0.4 V
4	Output shaft speed sensor earth	-	-
5	Stop lamp switch	Brake pedal: Depressed	System voltage
		Brake pedal: Released	0 V
6	Free-wheeling engage	Transfer lever position: Other than 4WD	System voltage
	Switch	Transfer lever position: 4WD	0 V
8	Inhibitor switch (L)	Selector lever position: L	System voltage
		Selector lever position: Other than L	0 V
9	Back-up power supply	Ignition switch: OFF	System voltage
10	Solenoid valve No. 3	When lockup clutch is operating	System voltage
		When lockup clutch is not operating	0 V
11	Diagnosis control terminal	_	_
12	A/T fluid temperature sensor earth	_	_
13	Output shaft speed sensor	Vehicle: Stopped	Approx. 2.5 V
		Vehicle: Driving	Other than 2.5 V
14	Dual-pressure switch	A/C switch: OFF	0 V
		A/C switch: ON	System voltage
15	Input shaft speed sensor earth	_	-
16	Input shaft speed sensor	Ignition switch: OFF	0 V
		Ignition switch: ON	2.5 V

AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION – Troubleshooting <A/T>

Terminal No.	Inspection item	Inspection conditions	Standard value
19	Communication with input signals from engine-ECU	Engine: Idling Selector lever position: D	Other than 0 V
21	Communication with output signals to engine-ECU	Engine: Idling Selector lever position: D	Other than 0 V
23	Inhibitor switch (2)	Selector lever position: 2	System voltage
		Selector lever position: Other than 2	0 V
24	Power supply	Ignition switch: OFF	0 V
		Ignition switch: ON	System voltage
25	Earth	Engine: Idling	0 V
27	Vehicle speed sensor	Vehicle: Slowly moving forward	Alternates between 0↔Approx. 5 V
28	A/T fluid temperature	ATF temperature: 120°C	Approx. 0.3 V
	sensor	ATF temperature: 150°C	Approx. 0.15 V
29	Overdrive switch	Overdrive switch: ON	System voltage
		Overdrive switch: OFF	0 V
30	Accelerator pedal position	Accelerator pedal: Released	Approx. 1 V
	voltage)	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Approx. 4 V
31	Accelerator pedal position	Ignition switch: ON	Approx. 5 V
	voltage)	Ignition switch: OFF	0 V
32	Diagnostic output terminal	-	-
33	N range lamp	Ignition switch: ON	System voltage
		Ignition switch: OFF	0 V
34	Inhibitor switch (N)	Selector lever position: N	System voltage
		Selector lever position: Other than N	0 V

TROUBLESHOOTING <A/T KEY INTERLOCK AND SHIFT LOCK MECHANISMS>

INSPECTION CHART FOR TROUBLE SYMPTOMS

Problem	Inspection Procedure No.	Reference page
Selector lever can be moved from P to R without depressing brake pedal when ignition key is at positions other than LOCK (OFF).	1	23-32
Selector lever cannot be moved from P to R with brake pedal depressed when ignition key is at positions other than LOCK (OFF).	2	23-32
Selector lever can be moved from P to R with brake pedal depressed when ignition key is at LOCK (OFF) position.	3	23-33
Selector lever cannot be moved from P to R smoothly.	4	23-33
Selector lever cannot be moved from R to P.	5	23-33
Ignition key cannot be turned to LOCK (OFF) position when selector lever is at P position.	6	23-33
Ignition key can be turned to LOCK (OFF) position when selector lever is at positions other than P.	7	23-33

INSPECTION CHART FOR TROUBLE SYMPTOMS INSPECTION PROCEDURE 1

Selector lever can be moved from P to R without depressing brake pedal when ignition key is at positions other than LOCK (OFF).	Probable cause
Lock cam or shift lock cable may be defective.	Malfunction of lock camMalfunction of shift lock cable

Check items described in the column "Probable cause".

INSPECTION PROCEDURE 2

Selector lever cannot be moved from P to R with brake pedal depressed when ignition key is at positions other than LOCK (OFF).	Probable cause
Selector lever assembly, shift lock cable, key interlock cable, transmission control cable or lock cam may be defective.	 Malfunction of selector lever assembly Malfunction of shift lock cable Malfunction of key interlock cable Malfunction of transmission control cable Malfunction of lock cam

Check items described in the column "Probable cause".

Selector lever can be moved from P to R with brake pedal depressed when ignition key is at LOCK (OFF) position.	Probable cause
Lock cam or key interlock cable may be defective.	Malfunction of lock camMalfunction of key interlock cable

Check items described in the column "Probable cause".

INSPECTION PROCEDURE 4

Selector lever cannot be moved from P to R smoothly.	Probable cause
Key interlock cable, shift lock cable, lock cam, or selector lever assembly may be defective.	 Malfunction of key interlock cable Malfunction of shift lock cable Malfunction of lock cam Malfunction of selector lever assembly

Check items described in the column "Probable cause".

INSPECTION PROCEDURE 5

Selector lever cannot be moved from R to P.	Probable cause
Selector lever assembly or transmission control cable may be defective.	Malfunction of selector lever assemblyMalfunction of transmission control cable

Check items described in the column "Probable cause".

INSPECTION PROCEDURE 6

Ignition key cannot be turned to LOCK (OFF) position when selector lever is at P position.	Probable cause
Lock cam, key interlock cable or key cylinder slider may be defective.	Malfunction of lock camMalfunction of key interlock cableMalfunction of key cylinder slider

Check items described in the column "Probable cause".

INSPECTION PROCEDURE 7

Ignition key can be turned to LOCK (OFF) position when selector lever is at positions other than P.	Probable cause
Lock cam, key cylinder cover or key interlock cable may be defective.	 Malfunction of lock cam Malfunction of key cylinder cover Malfunction of key interlock cable

Check items described in the column "Probable cause".

ON-VEHICLE SERVICE

ESSENTIAL SERVICE

AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION FLUID CHECK

Caution

When the transmission has been replaced or overhauled, or driving has been carried out under the severe condition, the A/T fluid cooler line flushing should always be carried out and also, the A/T fluid should always be replaced.

- 1. Drive the vehicle until the A/T fluid temperature rises to the normal temperature $(70 90^{\circ}C)$.
- 2. Park the vehicle on a level surface.
- 3. Move the selector lever through all positions to fill the torque converter and the hydraulic circuits with A/T fluid, and then move the selector lever to the N position.
- 4. After wiping off any dirt around the oil level gauge, remove the oil level gauge and check the condition of the A/T fluid.

NOTE

If the A/T fluid smells as if it is burning, it means that the A/T fluid has been contaminated by the particles from the bushes and friction materials, a transmission overhaul and flushing the A/T fluid cooler line may be necessary.

COLD	HOT
	W0223AG

5. Check that the A/T fluid level is at the HOT mark on the oil level gauge. If the A/T fluid level is lower than this, pour in more A/T fluid until the level reaches the HOT mark.

Automatic transmission fluid: DEXRON II or equivalent

NOTE

If the A/T fluid level is low, the oil pump will draw in air along with the A/T fluid, which will cause bubbles to form inside the hydraulic circuit. This will in turn cause the hydraulic pressure to drop, which will result in late shifting and slipping of the clutches and brakes.

If there is too much A/T fluid, the gears can churn it up into foam and cause the same conditions that can occur with low A/T fluid levels.

In either case, air bubbles can cause overheating and oxidation of the A/T fluid which can interfere with normal valve, clutch, and brake operation. Foaming can also result in A/T fluid escaping from the transmission vent hole, in which case it may be mistaken for a leak.

6. Securely insert the oil level gauge.



AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION FLUID REPLACEMENT

Caution

When the transmission has been replaced or overhauled, the A/T fluid cooler line flushing should always be carried out before installing the A/T fluid cooler hose.

If you have a A/T fluid changer, use this changer to replace the A/T fluid. If you do not have a A/T fluid changer, replace the A/T fluid by the following procedure.

- 1. Disconnect the hose shown in the illustration which connects the transmission and the A/T fluid cooler (inside the radiator).
- 2. Start the engine and let the A/T fluid drain out.

Running conditions: N range with engine idling Caution

The engine should be stopped within one minute after it is started. If the A/T fluid has all drained out before then, the engine should be stopped at that point.

Discharge volume: Approx. 3.4 ℓ

3. Remove the drain plug from the bottom of the transmission case to drain the A/T fluid.

Discharge volume: Approx. 0.8 ℓ

4. Install the drain plug via a new gasket, and tighten it to the specified torque.

Tightening torque: 20.1 Nm

5. Pour the new A/T fluid in through the oil filler tube.

Adding volume: Approx. 4.2 ℓ

Caution

Stop pouring if the full volume of A/T fluid cannot be poured in.

6. Repeat the procedure in step 2.

NOTE

Drain the A/T fluid from the cooler hose 6.0 ℓ at least in steps 2 and 5. Then drain the A/T fluid a little and check the A/T fluid for dirt.

If it has been contaminated, repeat the steps 5 and 6.

7. Pour the new A/T fluid in through the oil filler tube.

Adding volume: Approx. 3.4 ℓ




- 8. Reconnect the hose which was disconnected in step 1 above, and firmly replace the oil level gauge.
- 9. Start the engine and run it at idle for 1 2 minutes.
- 10. Move the selector lever through all positions, and then move it to the N position.



- 11. Check that the A/T fluid level is at the COLD mark on the oil level gauge. If the level is lower than this, pour in more A/T fluid.
- 12. Drive the vehicle until the A/T fluid temperature rises to the normal temperature (70 90 $^{\circ}$ C), and then check the A/T fluid level again.

The A/T fluid level must be at the HOT mark. NOTE

The COLD level is for reference only; the HOT level should be regarded as the standard level.

13. Firmly insert the oil level gauge into the oil filler tube.



AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION FLUID COOLER LINE FLUSHING

Caution

When the transmission has been replaced or overhauled, or A/T fluid is contaminated, the A/T fluid cooler line flushing should always be carried out.

- 1. Disconnect the hose shown in the illustration which connects the transmission and the A/T fluid cooler (inside the radiator).
- 2. Start the engine and let the A/T fluid drain out.

Running conditions: N range with engine idling Caution

The engine should be stopped within one minute after it is started. If the A/T fluid has all drained out before then, the engine should be stopped at that point.

Discharge volume: Approx. 3.4 ℓ

3. Pour the new A/T fluid in through the oil filler tube.

Adding volume: Approx. 3.4 ℓ

Caution

Stop pouring if the full volume of A/T fluid cannot be poured in.

- 4. Repeat the procedure in step 2.
 - NOTE

Drain the A/T fluid from the cooler hose 6.0 ℓ at least in step 2. Then drain the A/T fluid a little and check the A/T fluid for dirt.

If it has been contaminated, repeat the steps 3 and 4.

5. Follow the automatic transmission fluid replacement procedure from the step 3.

KICKDOWN CABLE CHECK AND ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Release the accelerator pedal.
- 2. Loosen the adjusting nut or adjusting bolt. Move the outer cable of the kickdown cable to adjust the clearance (A) between the inner cable stopper and dust cover end to the standard value, and then tighten the adjusting nut or adjusting bolt to secure the kickdown cable.

Standard value: 0.8 - 1.5 mm

Caution

Adjust the accelerator cable assembly after the kickdown cable adjustment.





INHIBITOR SWITCH CONTINUITY CHECK

Posi-	Terminal No.									
tion	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Р	0-			-0		0-		-0		
R							0-	-0		
Ν	0-			-0	0-			-0		
D		0-						-0		
2								0-		-0
L			0-					-0		













INHIBITOR SWITCH AND CONTROL CABLE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Set the manual control lever to the N position.
- 2. Loosen the inhibitor switch mounting bolt.
- 3. Turn the inhibitor switch to align the N position reference line on the inhibitor switch with the scratched line on the N position adjusting plate.
- 4. Tighten the mounting bolt to the specified torque.

Tightening torque: 5.4 Nm

VCU LOCK DETECTION SWITCH CONTINUITY CHECK

Check the continuity between the terminal of the brown connector installed in the side of transfer case (shown in the illustration) and the transfer case.

Transfer lever position	Continuity
4H	No continuity
4HLc	Continuity

2WD/4WD DETECTION SWITCH CONTINUITY CHECK

Check the continuity between the terminal of the white connector installed in the side of transfer case (shown in the illustration) and the transfer case.

Transfer lever position	Continuity
2H	Continuity
4H	No continuity

VCU LOCK OPERATION DETECTION SWITCH CONTINUITY CHECK

Check the continuity between the terminal of the brown connector installed in the top of transfer case (shown in the illustration) and the transfer case.

Transfer lever position	Continuity
4H	No continuity
4HLc	Continuity

4WD OPERATION DETECTION SWITCH CONTINUITY CHECK

Check the continuity between the terminal of the white connector installed in the top of transfer case (shown in the illustration) and the transfer case.

Transfer lever position	Continuity
2H	No continuity
4H	Continuity







HIGH/LOW DETECTION SWITCH CONTINUITY CHECK

Check the continuity between the terminal of the black connector installed in the top of transfer case (shown in the illustration) and the transfer case.

Transfer lever position	Continuity
4HLc	Continuity
Between 4HLc and 4LLc	No continuity
4LLc	Continuity

TRANSFER OIL CHECK

- 1. Remove the oil filler plug.
- 2. Check that the oil level is at the lower portion of the oil filler plug hole.
- 3. Check that the oil is not noticeably dirty, and that it has a suitable viscosity.
- 4. Tighten the oil filler plug to the specified torque.

Tightening torque: 29 – 34 Nm

TRANSFER OIL REPLACEMENT

- 1. Remove the oil drain plug to drain oil.
- 2. Tighten the oil drain plug to the specified torque.

Tightening torque: 29 – 34 Nm

3. Remove the oil filler plug and fill with specified oil till the level comes to the lower portion of oil filler plug hole.

Specified oil:

Hypoid gear oil SAE 75W - 90 or 75W - 85W conforming to API GL-4

Quantity: 2.2 ℓ

4. Tighten the oil filler plug to the specified torque.

Tightening torque: 29 - 34 Nm

A/T CONTROL COMPONENT LOCATION

Name	Symbol	Name	Symbol
Accelerator pedal position sensor (APS)	К	Inhibitor switch	D
		Input shaft speed sensor	С
A/T-ECU	N	Output shaft speed sensor	F
A/T fluid temperature sensor	E	Overdrive switch	Н
Diagnosis connector	М	Solenoid valves	E
Dual-pressure switch	А	Stop lamp switch	J
Engine-ECU	I	Vehicle speed sensor	G
Free wheeling engage switch	В	Wide open throttle position switch	L



B C D E F G MODILAL





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A/T CONTROL COMPONENT CHECK **OVERDRIVE SWITCH CHECK** Refer to P.23-51. WIDE OPEN THROTTLE SWITCH CHECK Refer to P23-51. ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR (APS) CHECK Refer to GROUP 13A - On-vehicle Service. INHIBITOR SWITCH CHECK Refer to P.23-37. STOP LAMP SWITCH CHECK Refer to GROUP 35 - On-vehicle Service. VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR CHECK Refer to GROUP 54 - On-vehicle Service. **DUAL-PRESSURE SWITCH CHECK** Refer to GROUP 55 - On-vehicle Service. FREE WHEELING ENGAGE SWITCH CHECK Refer to GROUP 26 - On-vehicle Service.





INPUT SHAFT SPEED SENSOR CHECK

1. Disconnect the input shaft speed sensor connector.

2. Measure the resistance between terminals 9 and 10 of the input shaft speed sensor connector.

Standard value: 620 \pm 60 Ω (at 20 °C)

3. If the resistance is not within the standard value, replace the input shaft speed sensor.



OUTPUT SHAFT SPEED SENSOR CHECK

1. Disconnect the output shaft speed sensor connector.

- 2. Measure the resistance between terminals 3 and 4 of the output shaft speed sensor connector.
 - Standard value: 430 \pm 43 Ω (at 20 °C)
- 3. If the resistance is not within the standard value, replace the output shaft speed sensor.

SOLENOID VALVE CHECK

1. Disconnect the solenoid valve connector.



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2. Measure the solenoid valve resistance. **Standard value:**

		7
Item	Measurement terminal	Resistance
Solenoid valve No. 1	Between terminal 6 and earth	13 ± 2 Ω (at 25°C)
Solenoid valve No. 2	Between terminal 7 and earth	
Solenoid valve No. 3	Between terminal 8 and earth	

3. If the resistance is not within the standard value, replace the solenoid valve assembly.



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A/T FLUID TEMPERATURE SENSOR CHECK

1. Disconnect the A/T fluid temperature sensor connector.

2. Measure the resistance between terminals 1 and 2 of the A/T fluid temperature sensor connector.

Standard value

Temperature (°C)	Resistance	
25	1,100 Ω	
120	57 Ω	

3. If the resistance is not the standard value, replace the A/T fluid temperature sensor.



CONVERTER STALL TEST

In this test, the engine maximum speed when the torque converter stalls with the selector lever in the "D" or "R" range is measured to check operation of the torque converter, starter and one-way clutch and check holding performance of the transmission clutch (including brake).

Caution

Do not stand in front or at rear of the vehicle during this test.

- 1. Check the transmission fluid level. The fluid temperature should be at the level after normal operation $(70 90^{\circ}C)$. The engine coolant temperature should also be at the level after normal operation $(80 95^{\circ}C)$.
- 2. Apply chocks to the rear wheels (right and left).
- 3. Mount an engine tachometer.
- 4. Apply fully the parking and service brakes.
- 5. Start the engine.
- 6. With the selector lever in the "D" range, fully depress the accelerator pedal and read off the engine maximum speed.

NOTE

When doing so, do not keep the engine running with throttle full open for more than 5 seconds. If two or more stall tests are needed, place the selector lever in the "N" position and run the engine at about 1,000 r/min to allow the transmission fluid to cool before another stall test.

Standard value: 2,320 - 2,620 r/min

7. Place the selector lever in the "R" range and perform the test as above.

Stall speed in "D" and "R" range is equal to each other but lower than the nominal value.	 (1) Engine output is low. (2) Starter one-way clutch is faulty. (Faulty torque converter is suspected if it is lower than nominal by more than 600 r/min)
Stall speed in "D" range is higher than nominal.	 Overdrive clutch slipping Overdrive one-way clutch faulty Forward clutch slipping One-way clutch No. 2 faulty Low line pressure
Stall speed in "R" range is higher than nominal.	 (1) Overdrive clutch slipping (2) Overdrive one-way clutch faulty (3) Direct clutch slipping (4) Brake No. 3 slipping (5) Low line pressure

JUDGEMENT OF STALL TEST RESULTS



HYDRAULIC PRESSURE TEST

The hydraulic pressure test is important in determining the causes of transmission failures. Before conducting the test, fluid level and condition and throttle cable adjustment, etc. must be checked for defects or abnormalities. When conducting the test, the engine and transmission should be at correct operating temperatures, (engine coolant $80 - 95^{\circ}$ C, transmission fluid $70 - 90^{\circ}$ C.)

LINE PRESSURE TEST

- 1. Place the vehicle on a chassis dynamometer.
- 2. Remove the plug from the line pressure take off port.
- 3. Install special tools as shown in the figure and place the meter inside vehicle.
- 4. Apply the parking brake.
- 5. Start the engine.
- 6. Place the selector lever in the "D" range.
- 7. Depress the brake pedal firmly by the left foot and operate the accelerator pedal by the right foot to measure the line pressure at each engine r/min. If the measured pressure is not nominal, check adjustment of the throttle cable and readjust if necessary before conducting the test again.
- 8. Place the selector lever in the "R" range and test as above.

Standard value:

Items	Line pressure kPa		
	"D" range	"R" range	
At idle	373 – 422	520 – 579	
At stall	765 – 863	1,383 – 1,628	

JUDGEMENT BY LINE PRESSURE

Hydraulic pressure higher than nominal in all ranges	(1) Regulator valve faulty(2) Throttle valve faulty(3) Throttle cable incorrectly adjusted
Hydraulic pressure lower than nominal in all ranges	 Oil pump faulty Regulator valve faulty Throttle valve faulty Throttle cable incorrectly adjusted Overdrive clutch faulty
Hydraulic pressure lower than nominal in "D" range	 (1) Large fluid leaks in "D" range hydraulic circuit (2) Forward clutch faulty (3) Overdrive clutch faulty
Hydraulic pressure lower than nominal in "R" range	 (1) Large fluid leaks in "R" range hydraulic circuit (2) Brake No. 3 faulty (3) Direct clutch faulty (4) Overdrive clutch faulty

HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT



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- 1. Overdrive clutch
- 2. Overdrive brake
- 3. Forward clutch
- 4. Direct clutch
- 5. Brake No. 1
- 6. Brake No. 2
- 7. Brake No. 3
- 8. Manual valve
- 9. 2-3 shift valve
- 10. Solenoid valve No. 1 11. Solenoid valve No. 2
- 12. Low coast modulator valve
- 13. 1-2 shift valve
- 14. Pressure relief valve
- 15. Solenoid valve No. 3

- 16. Cut-back valve
- 17. Throttle valve18. Secondary regulator valve
- 19. Lockup control valve
- 20. Primary regulator valve 21. Reverse clutch sequence valve
- 22. 3-4 shift valve
- 23. Intermediate modulator valve
- 24. Accumulator C1
- 25. Accumulator C2 26. Accumulator B2
- 27. Oil cooler bypass valve
- 28. Oil pump 29. Oil strainer



SELECTOR LEVER OPERATION CHECK

- 1. Apply the parking brake lever.
- Move the selector lever from N position to each of D, 2 and L positions to check that the selector lever moves smoothly.
- 3. Check that the engine starts when the selector lever is in each of N and P positions, and that the engine does not start when the selector lever is in positions other than N and P.
- 4. Start the engine and release the parking brake. Check that the vehicle moves forward when the selector lever is moved from N position to each of D, 2 and L positions, and moves backward when the selector lever is moved to R position.
- 5. Stop the engine.
- Turn the ignition switch to ON position. Check that the backup lamp illuminates and the buzzer sounds when the selector lever is moved from P position to R position.

NOTE

Because of the inclusion of an A/T mis-operation prevention device, the select or lever cannot be moved from the P position to an other position unless you turn the ignition key to a position other than LOCK (OFF) and depress the brake pedal first.

KEY INTERLOCK MECHANISM CHECK

1. Carry out the following inspection:

Inspection procedure	Requirements		Normal condition
1	Brake pedal: Depressed	Ignition key: LOCK (OFF) or removed	The selector lever push button can not be pushed, and the selector lever should not be moved from P position.
2	-	Ignition key: Other than above	If the selector lever push button is pushed, the selector lever can be moved from P position.
3	Brake pedal: Not depressed	Selector lever: Other than P	The ignition key can not be turned to LOCK (OFF) position.
4		Selector lever: P	The ignition key can be turned to LOCK (OFF) position.



- 2. If there is a problem on the inspection above, adjust the key interlock cable as follows:
 - (1) Remove the rear floor console. (Refer to GROUP 52A.)

 - (2) Move the selector lever to P position.(3) Turn the ignition key to LOCK (OFF) position.
 - (4) Loosen the key interlock cable fixing nut.
 - (5) Tighten the key interlock cable fixing nut to the specified torque with the lock cam pushed in the direction A (shown in the illustration).

Tightening torque: 12 Nm

(6) Install the rear floor console. (Refer to GROUP 52A.)

SHIFT LOCK MECHANISM CHECK

1. Carry out the following inspection:

Inspection procedure	Requirements		Normal condition
1	Brake pedal: Depressed	Ignition key: ACC	If the selector lever push button is not pushed, the selector lever can not be moved from P position.
2			If the selector lever push button is pushed, the selector lever can be moved from P position.
3	Brake pedal: Not depressed	-	If the selector lever push button is pushed, the selector lever can be moved from R position to P position.



- 2. If there is a problem on the inspection above, adjust the shift lock cable as follows:
 - (1) Remove the rear floor console. (Refer to GROUP 52A.)
 - (2) Move the selector lever to P position.
 - (3) Loosen the shift lock cable fixing nut.
 - (4) Move the shift lock cable to position the shift lock cable end above the red marking painted on the lock cam, and then tighten the shift lock cable fixing nut to the specified torque.

Tightening torque: 12 Nm

(5) Install the rear floor console. (Refer to GROUP 52A.)



Fixing bolt Fixing bolt Transmission Adjuster lever AX0234AL

TRANSMISSION CONTROL CABLE ADJUSTMENT

1. Move the selector lever to N position, and set the transmission lever to N position.

2. Loosen the fixing bolt. Adjust the adjuster lever position so that the transmission control cable will be tight, and then tighten the fixing bolt.

TRANSMISSION CONTROL

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

Caution

Do not strike the SRS-ECU when removing and installing the transmission control cable, key interlock cable, shift lever assembly and the A/T-ECU.



Selector lever assembly and transmission control cable assembly removal steps

- Rear floor console assembly (Refer to GROUP 52A.)
- 1. Key interlock cable connection
- 2. Shift lock cable connection
- 3. Transmission control cable connection (selector lever side)
- 4. Selector lever assembly
- 5. Transmission control cable connection (transmission side)

Transfer control lever assembly removal steps

- Front floor console assembly (Refer to GROUP 52A.)
- 6. Retainer plate
- A
 7. Transfer lever inner boot
 8. Transfer control lever assembly
 - 9. Gasket
 - 10. Stopper plate
 - 11. Gasket
 - 12. Transfer control lever

Wide open throttle switch removal

13. Wide open throttle switch



INSTALLATION SERVICE POINT

►A TRANSFER LEVER INNER BOOT INSTALLATION

Install the transfer lever inner boot as shown in the illustration.



OFF ON (12) 0900020

INSPECTION

Slide the connector in the direction of arrow shown in the illustration to remove it from the bracket.

POSITION INDICATOR LAMP CHECK

Check requirement	Terminal No.				
	1	2			
Always	0	O			

OVERDRIVE SWITCH CHECK

Switch position	Terminal No.				
	3	4	5		
ON	0	0			
OFF	0		0		

WIDE OPEN THROTTLE SWITCH CHECK

Switch position	Terminal No.				
	1	2			
OFF					
ON	0	0			

SELECTOR LEVER ASSEMBLY DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY



Disassembly steps

- 1. Position indicator socket assembly
- 2. Bulb
- 3. Shift knob
- 4. Push button
 5. Stopper
 6. Spring

- 7. Overdrive switch
- 8. Indicator panel assembly
- 9. Sleeve

- 10. Adjuster lever
- 11. Lock cam

- 12. Pin 13. Ball spring 14. Ball support
- 15. Ball
- Packing
 Selector lever assembly
 Stopper



Selector lever assembly

DISASSEMBLY SERVICE POINT

A POSITION INDICATOR SOCKET ASSEMBLY REMOVAL

Use a flat-tipped screwdriver, etc. to remove the terminal of shift knob side from the position indicator socket assembly connector.

REASSEMBLY SERVICE POINT

Shift the selector lever to the N position, and then turn the sleeve so that the clearance between the sleeve and lever assembly end is within the dimension shown in the illustration.

A/T KEY INTERLOCK AND SHIFT LOCK MECHANISMS **REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION**



AX0230AL

Key interlock cable removal steps

- Front floor console (Refer to GROUP • 52A.)
- Instrument under cover (Refer to GROUP 52A.)
- Lower column cover (Refer to GROUP 37A – Steering Wheel and Shaft.) ►C◀ 1. Key interlock cable connection
 - (selector lever side) 2. Cover
- ► B 3. Key interlock cable connection (steering lock cylinder side)
 - 4. Key interlock cable

Shift lock cable removal steps

- Front floor console (Refer to GROUP 52A.) ►A 5. Shift lock cable connection
 - (selector lever side)
 - 6. Shift lock cable connection (brake pedal side)
 - 7. Shift lock cable



INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

►A SHIFT LOCK CABLE (SELECTOR LEVER SIDE) INSTALLATION

- 1. Move the selector lever to P position.
- 2. Move the shift lock cable to position the shift lock cable end above the red marking painted on the lock cam, and then tighten the shift lock cable fixing nut to the specified torque.

Tightening torque: 12 Nm

3. Check that the shift lock mechanism operates normally. (Refer to P. 23-49.)

►B KEY INTERLOCK CABLE (STEERING LOCK CYLINDER SIDE) INSTALLATION

Turn the ignition key to LOCK (OFF) position, and then install the key interlock cable.



C KEY INTERLOCK CABLE (SELECTOR LEVER SIDE) INSTALLATION

- 1. Move the selector lever to P position.
- 2. Turn the ignition key to LOCK (OFF) position.
- 3. Connect the key interlock cable end to the lock cam.
- 4. Install the key interlock cable temporarily.
- 5. Tighten the key interlock cable fixing nut to the specified torque with the lock cam pushed in the direction A (shown in the illustration).

Tightening torque: 12 Nm

6. Check that the key interlock mechanism operates normally. (Refer to P. 23-48.)

TRANSMISSION ASSEMBLY

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

Caution

Mounting locations marked by * should be provisionally tightened, and then fully tightened after placing the vehicle horizontally and loading the full weight of the transmission on the vehicle body.

Pre-removal and Post-installation Operation

- Transfer Control Lever Assembly Removal and Installation (Refer to P.23-50.)
- Under Cover Removal and Installation
- Transmission Fluid and Transfer Oil Draining and
- Filling (Refer to P.23-35, 39.) Front and Rear Propeller Shaft Removal and Installation (Refer to GROUP 25.) .
- Air Cleaner Removal and Installation (Refer to GROUP 15 - Air Cleaner and Resonance Tank.)
- Front Exhaust Pipe and Catalytic Converter Removal and Installation (Refer to GROUP 15.)
- Vacuum Actuator Assembly Removal and Installation (Refer to GROUP 26 Main Shaft.)
- Kick-down Cable Adjustment <Only after installation> (Refer to P.23-37.)
- Accelerator Cable Assembly Check and Adjustment <Only after installation> (Refer to GROUP 17 -On-vehicle Service.)



AW1238AL

Removal steps

- 1. Kick-down cable connection
- 2. Oil level gauge assembly
- 3. Transmission control cable connection
- 4. Dust shield guard
- 5. Starter motor
- 6. Vehicle speed sensor connector
- 7. VCU lock detection switch connector
- 8. 2WD/4WD detection switch connector

- 9. VCU lock operation detection switch connector
- 10. High/Low detection switch connector 11. 4WD operation detection switch
- connector
- 12. Harness connector
- 13. Inhibitor switch connector



- 15. Drive plate connection boltSupport the transmission with a transmission jack
- 16. Washer 17. Spacer

- 19. Transmission mount crossmember 20. Transmission mount insulator
- assembly ▶B◀ 21. Transmission mount stopper Adapter
 Transmission upper part coupling bolts
- ►A 24. Transmission assembly

REMOVAL SERVICE POINTS

A STARTER MOTOR REMOVAL

Remove the starter motor with the starter motor harnesses still connected, and secure it inside the engine compartment.

4B DRIVE PLATE CONNECTION BOLTS REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the connection bolts (6 places) while turning the crankshaft.
- 2. Press in the torque converter to the transmission side so the torque converter does not remain on the engine side.



Front

Transmission

vehicle

of

INSTALLATION SERVICE POINTS

►A TRANSMISSION ASSEMBLY INSTALLATION

Press in the torque converter to the transmission side completely, and then install the transmission assembly to the engine.



1. Install the transmission mount stopper so that the arrow faces the direction shown.

NOTE

Disregard F and R stamped as a shared part.

AW0304AL _

Transmission mount insulator assembly

2. The sizes of the mounting bolts are different. So be sure not to confuse them.

Bolt	Diameter x Length mm	
А	10 x 50	
В	10 x 60	
С	10 x 40	

TRANSMISSION OIL COOLER

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

Pre-removal and Post-installation Operation Transmission Fluid Draining and Supplying

- (Refer to P.23-35.) Under Cover Removal and Installation •



AW0086AL

Removal steps

- 1. Return hose
- 2. Feed hose
- Oil cooler pipe assembly
 Hose assembly

- Transmission assembly (Refer to P.23-56.) 5. Oil return pipe
- 6. Oil feed pipe

A/T-ECU

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

Caution

Do not strike the G sensor when removing and installing the A/T-ECU.



Removal steps

1. Floor console bracket 2. A/T-ECU

4WD INDICATOR CONTROL UNIT

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

Refer to GROUP 22.

AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION

CONTENTS

GENERAL	 	• •	• •	 ••	• •	• •	• •	• •	2
Outline of Changes	 			 					. 2

TROUBLESHOOTING <A/T> 2

GENERAL

OUTLINE OF CHANGES

The following service procedures for items which are different from before have been established to correspond to the following changes:

- The A/T-ECU has been changed.
- The shift pattern has been changed.

TROUBLESHOOTING <A/T>

SHIFT PATTERN

D range (Overdrive switch: ON)



INSPECTION CHART FOR DIAGNOSIS CODE

Code	Diagnosis item		Reference page
13	Accelerator pedal position sensor system (Throttle opening voltage)	Sensor malfunction/ open circuit/short circuit	23-3
14	Accelerator pedal position sensor system (Throttle power supply voltage)	Open circuit/short circuit	23-3
15	A/T fluid temperature sensor system	Open circuit	23-4
16	A/T fluid temperature sensor system	Short circuit	23-4
22	Wide open throttle system	Open circuit/short circuit	23-4
29	Inhibitor switch system	Open circuit	23-5
30	Inhibitor switch system	Short circuit	23-5
31	Input shaft speed sensor system	Open circuit	23-6
32	Output shaft speed sensor system	Open circuit	23-6
38	Vehicle speed sensor system	Open circuit	23-7
41	Solenoid valve No. 1 system	Open circuit	23-8
42	Solenoid valve No. 1 system	Short circuit	23-8

AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION - Troubleshooting <A/T>

Code	Diagnosis item		Reference page
43	Solenoid valve No. 2 system	Open circuit	23-8
44	Solenoid valve No. 2 system	Short circuit	23-8
47	Solenoid valve No. 3 system	Open circuit	23-8
48	Solenoid valve No. 3 system	Short circuit	23-8
55	Abnormal communication with engine-ECU	Open circuit	23-9

INSPECTION PROCEDURES FOR DIAGNOSIS CODES

Code No. 13, 14 Accelerator pedal position sensor (APS)	Probable cause
If the APS output voltage (APS opening voltage) is 4.8 V or higher when the engine is idling, the output voltage is judged to be too high and diagnosis code No. 13 is output. If the APS output voltage (APS opening voltage) is 0.335 V or lower when the engine is idling, the output voltage is judged to be too low and diagnosis code No. 13 is output. If the APS output voltage (APS power supply voltage) is 3.0 V or lower or if it is 5.7 V or higher when the engine is idling, the APS is judged to be faulty and diagnosis code No. 14 is output.	 Malfunction of the accelerator pedal position sensor Malfunction of harness or connector Malfunction of the A/T-ECU



23-4

Code No. 15, 16 A/T fluid temperature sensor system	Probable cause				
If the A/T fluid temperature sensor output is 10°C or less (5.6 k Ω or more) even after running the engine for 15 minutes or more, it is judged that there is an open circuit in the A/T fluid temperature sensor and diagnosis code No. 15 is output. If the A/T fluid temperature sensor output is 240°C or more (10 k Ω or less), it is judged that there is a short circuit in the A/T fluid temperature sensor and diagnosis code No. 16 is output.	 Malfunction of the A/T fluid temperature sensor Malfunction of harness or connector Malfunction of the A/T-ECU 				

*: Refer to '00 PAJERO PININ Workshop Manual (Pub. No. CKRE00E1).



Code No. 22 Wide open throttle switch system	Probable cause				
If the wide open throttle switch dose not turn OFF with the accelerator pedal is not depressed, there is a short circuit in the wide open throttle switch and diagnosis code No. 22 is output.	 Malfunction of the wide open throttle switch Malfunction of harness or connector Malfunction of the A/T-ECU 				



Code No. 29, 30 Inhibitor switch system	Probable cause
If the inhibitor switch has not sent any signal for 2 seconds while the ignition switch is on, it is judged that there is an open circuit in the inhibitor switch and diagnosis code No.29 is set. If the inhibitor switch has sent at least two signals simultaneously for 2 seconds while the ignition switch is on, it is judged that there is an short circuit in the inhibitor switch and diagnosis code No.30 is set.	 Malfunction of the inhibitor switch Malfunction of harness or Malfunction of the A/T-ECU

MUT-II SERVICE DATA • 37 Inhibitor switch OK: The MUT-II should display a correct selector lever position.	Si- OK ► End
NG	
Inhibitor switch check (Refer to P.23-37).*	NG ► Replace
OK	NG
Measure at inhibitor switch connector B-04.	Check the following connectors: D-02, C-26, C-74, C-78
 Disconnect the connector and measure at the harness side Voltage between terminal 8 and earth 	e. OK NG
(ignition switch: ON)	Repair
OK: System voltage	Check the trouble symptoms.
OK	OK
Check the following connectors: B-04, D-46	
OK NG	Harness check
Benair	Between the inhibitor switch and the ighttion switch
Y Repair	OK NG
Check the trouble symptoms.	Repair
NG	Check the ignition switch. (Refer to GROUP 54 - ignition switch.)*
Harness check Between the inhibitor switch and the A/T-ECU 	NG ► Repair
OK V	
Replace the A/T-ECU.	

Code No. 31, 32 Input shaft speed sensor system, output shaft speed sensor system	Probable cause
If no output pulse is detected from the input shaft speed sensor for 120 seconds or more while driving in 3rd gear at a speed of 60 km/h or more, there is judged to be an open circuit in the input shaft speed sensor and diagnosis code No. 31 is output. If not output pulse is detected from the output shaft speed sensor for 120 seconds or more while driving in 3rd gear at a speed of 60 km/h or more, there is judged to be an open circuit in the output shaft speed sensor and diagnosis code No. 32 is output.	 Malfunction of the input shaft speed sensor Malfunction of the output shaft speed sensor Malfunction of harness or connector Malfunction of the sensor rotor Malfunction of A/T-ECU Electrical noise

\star : Refer to the Transmission Workshop Manual

Input shaft speed sensor check (Refer to P.23-41).* Output shaft speed sensor check (Refer to P.23-42).* OK	NG Replace the input shaft speed sensor and output shaft speed sensor.
Check the following connectors: B-03 D-46	NG NG
OK V NG V Repair Check the trouble symptoms.	Check the sensor rotor. *
 ↓ OK Harness check Between the input shaft speed sensor and the A/T-ECU Between the output shaft speed sensor and the A/T-ECU 	Check the trouble symptoms.
OK V NG V Repair Replace the A/T-ECU.	Eliminate a source of electrical noise.

Code No. 38 Vehicle speed sensor system	Probable cause
If no output pulse is detected from the vehicle speed sensor for 120 seconds or more continuously while driving at a speed of 60 km/h or more, there is judged to be an open circuit in the vehicle speed sensor and diagnosis code No. 38 is output.	 Malfunction of the vehicle speed sensor Malfunction of harness or connector Malfunction of the A/T-ECU Malfunction of the ignition switch



23-8

Code No. 41, 42 Solenoid valve No.1 system	Probable cause
If the resistance value for a solenoid valve No.1 is too large, it is judged that there is an open circuit in the solenoid valve No.1 and the diagnosis code No.41 is output. If the resistance value for a solenoid valve No.1 is too small, it is judged that there is a short-circuit in the solenoid valve No.1 and the diagnosis code No.42 is output.	 Malfunction of solenoid valve No.1 Malfunction of harness or connector Malfunction of the A/T-ECU
* Pofer to '00 PA IEPO PININ Workshop Manual (Pub. No.)	

*: Refer to '00 PAJERO PININ Workshop Manual (Pub. No. CKRE00E1).

Solenoid valve No.1 check (Refer to P.23-42.)*	NG	► Replace
OK Check the following connectors: B-03, D-45	NG	► Repair
OK Check the harness wire between A/T-ECU and solenoid valve No.1.	NG	► Repair
OK Check the trouble symptoms.	NG	► Replace the A/T-ECU.

Code No. 43, 44 Solenoid valve No.2 system	Probable cause
If the resistance value for a solenoid valve No.2 is too large, it is judged that there is an open circuit in the solenoid valve No.2 and the diagnosis code No.43 is output. If the resistance value for a solenoid valve No.2 is too small, it is judged that there is a short-circuit in the solenoid valve No.2 and the diagnosis code No.44 is output.	 Malfunction of solenoid valve No.2 Malfunction of harness or connector Malfunction of the A/T-ECU

*: Refer to '00 PAJERO PININ Workshop Manual (Pub. No. CKRE00E1).

Solenoid valve No.2 check (Refer to P.23-42.)*	NG	
V		
Check the following connectors: B-03, D-45		—► Repair
ок	NG	
Check the harness wire between A/T-ECU and solenoid valve No.2.		─► Repair
ОК	-	
<u> </u>	NG	
Check the trouble symptoms.		Replace the A/T-ECU.

Code No. 47, 48 Solenoid valve No.3 system	Probable cause
If the resistance value for a solenoid valve No.3 is too large, it is judged that there is an open circuit in the solenoid valve No.3 and the diagnosis code No.47 is output. If the resistance value for a solenoid valve No.3 is too small, it is judged that there is a short-circuit in the solenoid valve No.3 and the diagnosis code No.48 is output.	 Malfunction of solenoid valve No.3 Malfunction of harness or connector Malfunction of the A/T-ECU

	ר NG	
Solenoid valve No.3 check (Refer to P.23-42.)*	╞───►	Replace
OK	NG	Produ
Check the following connectors: B-03, D-45	•	► Repair
OK	NG	
Check the harness wire between A/T-ECU and solenoid valve No.3.		► Repair
ОК	_	
<u> </u>	- NG	
Check the trouble symptoms.	•	► Replace the A/T-ECU.

Code No. 55 Abnormal communication with	ongino-ECU	Probable cause
		Flobable cause
If normal communication is not possible for a continuous period of 1 more when the ignition switch is at the ON position and the battery vo V or more, diagnosis code No. 55 is output. Diagnosis code No. 55 is if the data being received is abnormal for a continuous period of 1 se the same conditions.		 Malfunction of harness or connector Malfunction of the engine-ECU Malfunction of the A/T-ECU
	¬ NO	
MUT-II Self-Diag code	Replace	ce the A/T-ECU.
Is the diagnosis code No.61 output?		
YES		
Check the following connectors: <l.h. vehicles=""> C-19, C-25, D-34, D-45 <b.h. vehicles=""> C-19, C-26, D-34, D-45</b.h.></l.h.>	NG ► Repai	r
V	_	
Check the trouble symptoms.		
NG		
	NG Banai	_
Check the harness wire between engine-ECU and A/I-ECU.		I
OK		
Replace the engine-ECU.		
	_	
Check the trouble symptoms.	NG Replace	ce the A/T-ECU.

INSPECTION CHART FOR TROUBLE SYMPTOMS

Trouble symptom		Inspection procedure No.	Reference page
Communication with the MUT-II is not possible		1	23-10
Does not move	Does not move forward and reverse	2	23-17*
	Does not move forward only	3	23-18*
	Does not reverse only	4	23-18*
Malfunction when shifting	Upshifting does not occur	5	23-19*
	Downshifting does not occur	6	23-20*
	Shifting point abnormality	7	23-20*
	Upshifting occurs spontaneously	8	23-21*
	Incorrect drive gear position	9	23-21*
Large shocks		10	23-22*
Slippage (vibration)		11	23-23*
Lockup malfunction		12	23-24*
Abnormal engine braking		13	23-24*
Electronic circuit systems	Overdrive switch system	14	23-11
	Stop lamp switch system	15	23-11

INSPECTION PROCEDURE FOR TROUBLE SYMPTOMS

INSPECTION PROCEDURE 1



Overdrive switch system	Probable cause
If downshifting does not occur when overdrive switch is turned off while driving in 4th gear, or if shifting to 4th gear is not possible, the cause is probably a problem in the overdrive switch system.	 Malfunction of overdrive switch Malfunction of harness or connector Malfunction of A/T-ECU Malfunction of ignition switch



INSPECTION PROCEDURE 15

Stop lamp switch system	Probable cause	
If large shocks occur during squat control, the cause is probably a problem with the stop lamp switch.	 Malfunction of stop lamp switch Malfunction of harness or connector Malfunction of A/T-ECU 	


SERVICE DATA REFERENCE TABLE

Item No. 37 has been changed since the A/T-ECU has been changed. The other SERVICE DATA are the same as before.

ltem No.	Inspection item	Inspection conditions		Normal value
37	Inhibitor switch Ignition switch: ON	Ignition switch: ON	Selector lever position: P	Р
		Engine: Stopped	Selector lever position: R	R
			Selector lever position: N	N
			Selector lever position: D	D
			Selector lever position: 2	2
		Selector lever position: L	L	

A/T-ECU TERMINAL VOLTAGE REFERENCE CHART



Y0148AL

Terminal No.	Inspection item	Inspection conditions	Standard value
1	Solenoid valve No. 1	When in 1st or 2nd gear	System voltage
		When in 3rd or 4th gear	0 V
2	Solenoid valve No. 2	When in 2nd or 3rd gear	System voltage
		When in 1st or 4th gear	0 V
3	Free-wheeling engage	Transfer lever position: Other than 4WD	System voltage
	Switch	Transfer lever position: 4WD	0 V
5	Back-up power supply	Ignition switch: OFF	System voltage
6	Solenoid valve No. 3	When lockup clutch is operating	System voltage
		When lockup clutch is not operating	0 V
11	Communication with input signals from engine-ECU	Engine: Idling Selector lever position: D	Other than 0 V
13	A/T fluid temperature	ATF temperature: 120°C	Approx. 0.3 V
	Sensor	ATF temperature: 150°C	Approx. 0.15 V
14	Power supply	Ignition switch: OFF	0 V
		Ignition switch: ON	System voltage
17	Communication with output signals to engine-ECU	Engine: Idling Selector lever position: D	Other than 0 V

Terminal No.	Inspection item	Inspection conditions	Standard value
18	Stop lamp switch	Brake pedal: Depressed	System voltage
		Brake pedal: Released	0 V
19	Earth	Engine: Idling	0 V
20	A/T fluid temperature sensor earth	_	-
21	Diagnostic output terminal	-	_
23	Input shaft speed sensor	Ignition switch: OFF	0 V
		Ignition switch: ON	2.5 V
24	Output shaft speed sensor	Vehicle: Stopped	Approx. 2.5 V
		Vehicle: Driving	Other than 2.5 V
25	Overdrive switch	Overdrive switch: ON	System voltage
		Overdrive switch: OFF	0 V
26	Inhibitor switch P	Selector lever position: P	System voltage
		Selector lever position: Other than P	0 V
27	Inhibitor switch R	Selector lever position: R	System voltage
		Selector lever position: Other than R	0 V
30	Input shaft speed sensor earth	-	-
31	Output shaft speed sensor earth	-	-
33	Wide open throttle switch	Accelerator pedal: Released	4.5 – 5.5 V
		Accelerator pedal: Depressed	Less than 0.4 V
34	Dual-pressure switch	A/C switch: OFF	0 V
		A/C switch: ON	System voltage
37	N range lamp	Ignition switch: ON	System voltage
		Ignition switch: OFF	0 V
38 Inhibitor switch N		Selector lever position: N	System voltage
		Selector lever position: Other than N	0 V
39	Inhibitor switch D	Selector lever position: D	System voltage
		Selector lever position: Other than D	0 V
41	Diagnosis control terminal	-	_
42	Accelerator pedal position	Ignition switch: ON	Approx. 5 V
	voltage)	Ignition switch: OFF	0 V

23-14 AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION – Troubleshooting <A/T>

Terminal No.	Inspection item	Inspection conditions	Standard value
43	Accelerator pedal position	Accelerator pedal: Released	Approx. 1 V
	voltage)	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Approx. 4 V
44	Vehicle speed sensor	Vehicle: Slowly moving forward	Alternates between 0⇔Approx. 5 V
47 Inhibitor switch 2		Selector lever position: 2	System voltage
		Selector lever position: Other than 2	0 V
48	Inhibitor switch L	Selector lever position: L	System voltage
		Selector lever position: Other than L	0 V

AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION

CONTENTS

GENERAL	ON-VE
Outline of Changes2	Kickd

ON-VEHICLE SERVICE 4 Kickdown Cable Check and Adjustment 4

GENERAL

OUTLINE OF CHANGES

Since the vehicles with the 4G93-MPI engine have been added, the V4AW4 type transmission has been adopted. This transmission is basically the same as that of the vehicles with 4G94 engine.

- Due to the changes shown below, some new service procedures have been added.
- On the vehicles with 4G93-MPI engine, the APS has been used for the transmission control (input signal of the throttle opening angle). Due to this, the road test, the inspection procedures for diagnosis codes, and the service data have been reviewed.
- On the vehicles with 4G93-MPI engine, the shift pattern has been established. On the vehicles with 4G94 engine, the shift pattern has been changed.
- On the vehicles with 4G93-MPI engine, the kick-down cable adjustment procedure has been established.
- A full-time 4WD model has been added to the vehicles with 4G93-MPI engine (Refer to GROUP 22

 Manual Transmission).
- Due to the addition of a full-time 4WD model, the transfer control lever and the 4WD indicator control unit on the vehicles with 4G93-MPI engine have been discontinued.
- On all models, the quantity of the transfer oil has been changed from 2.3 litre to 2.2 litre.
- On all models, the wide open throttle switch has been discontinued.

TROUBLESHOOTING <A/T>

ROAD TEST

No.	State prior to test and operation	Test and operation	Judgement value	Check item	Inspection item if there is an abnormality
1	Ignition switch: ON Engine: Stopped	Ignition switch (1) ON (2) OFF	Data list No.12 (1) Approx. 5V (2) 0V	APS (Power supply voltage)	Code No.11, 12 APS system (P.23-4)
4	Engine: Idling Selector lever position: N	Accelerator pedal (1) Released (2) Half depressed (3) Fully depressed (approx. 2 seconds)	Data list No.11 (1) 0 - 5 % (2) Gradually rises from (1) (3) 85 - 100 %	APS (Throttle opening angle)	Code No.11, 12 APS system (P.23-4)

SHIFT PATTERN

<4G93 – MPI>

D range (Overdrive switch: ON)



<4G94>

D range (Overdrive switch: ON) DOWNSHIFT PATTERN



INSPECTION CHART FOR DIAGNOSIS CODE

Code	Diagnosis item	Reference page	
11	Accelerator pedal position sensor system (APS) (Throttle opening voltage)	Sensor malfunction/ open circuit/short circuit	23-3
12	Accelerator pedal position sensor system (APS) (Throttle power supply voltage)	Open circuit/short circuit	23-3

INSPECTION PROCEDURES FOR DIAGNOSIS CODES

Code No.11, 12 Accelerator pedal position sensor (APS)	Probable cause
If the APS output voltage (APS opening voltage) is 4.8 V or higher when the engine is idling, the output voltage is judged to be too high and diagnosis code No. 13 is output. If the APS output voltage (APS opening voltage) is 0.335 V or lower when the engine is idling, the output voltage is judged to be too low and diagnosis code No. 13 is output. If the APS output voltage (APS power supply voltage) is 3.0 V or lower or if it is 5.7 V or higher when the engine is idling, the APS is judged to be faulty and diagnosis code No. 14 is output.	 Malfunction of the accelerator pedal position sensor Malfunction of harness or connector Malfunction of the A/T-ECU

Accelerator pedal position sensor check (Refer to GROUP 13C – On-vehicle Service.)	NG	 Replace 			
ОК	NG				
Check the following connectors: <l.h. drive="" vehicles=""> C-46, C-25, D-34, D-46 <r.h. drive="" vehicles=""> C-46, C-26, D-34, D-46</r.h.></l.h.>		—► Repair			
ОК	NG				
Check the trouble symptoms.		 Harness check Between acce 	 Harness check Between accelerator pedal position sensor and 		
			ОК	NG	
			¥	Repair	
		Replace the A/T-E	ECU.		

Item No.	Inspection item	Inspection conditions		Normal value
11 Accelerator pedal position sensor (Throttle opening voltage) Engine: Idle Selector lever position: N	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0 – 5 %		
	(Throttle opening voltage)	Selector lever position: N	Accelerator pedal: Depressed	Gradually rises from the adove value
			Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed (up to 2 seconds)	85 – 100 %
12	Accelerator pedal position sensor (Power supply voltage)	Ignition switch: ON Engine: Stopped	Ignition switch: ON	Approx. 5
			Ignition switch: OFF	0 V



ON-VEHICLE SERVICE

KICKDOWN CABLE CHECK AND ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Release the accelerator pedal.
- 2. Loosen the adjusting nut and locking nut. Move the outer cable of the kickdown cable to adjust the clearance (A) between the inner cable stopper and dust cover end to the standard value, and then tighten the adjusting nut to secure the kickdown cable.
- 3. Tighten the locking nut to the specified torque.

Standard value: 0.8 – 1.5 mm

Caution

Adjust the accelerator cable assembly after the kickdown cable adjustment.